

Studies in The Synthesis of Betti's Products Rhodanine as Pharmacological Activities and Potential Fungicides.

P.K.Pateriya¹ Dr. S. R. Poul² Sangeeta Parihar³

¹Assistant Professor Maharaja, College, Chhatarpur, India

²Retd. Professor of Chemistry Govt. Maharaja College Chhatarpur India

³Assistant Professor Jodhpur National University

Abstract: Studies in the title of work investigated and synthesized by the 2-Thio-4-Keto-Thiazolidene condensed with Betti's products or cyano-ethylated aromatic aldehyde, Betti's reaction was carried out with 5-Arylidene-2-Thio-4-Keto-Thiazolidine which contains sulphur as their fungicidal activity. Applicability of rhodanine derivatives is as chemotherapeutic value. In recent work to condensed rhodanine with some aldehyde obtained good yield and investigate their analytical application and their fungicidal activity of new synthesized rhodanine.

- (i) Arylamino-methylation of 5-Arylidene Rhodanines, formation of substituted rhodanine.
- (ii) Condensation of primary aromatic amine with 5-Arylidene Rhodanines formation of Thiazolidinones derivatives of rhodanine.
- (iii) Condensation of Malonanilic acid hydrazide with 5-Arylidene rhodanine, formation of Substituted malonanilic thiazolidones derivatives of rhodanine.
- (iv) Condensation of diamino-diphenyl sulphone with 5- arylidene rhodanine.

In the present Investigation it was thought worthwhile to synthesis some condensation products of 5-arylidene rhodanine for testing their antifungal activity.

-----◆-----

INTRODUCTION

Fungicidal activities of Betti's products Rhodanine, Quinolinols and Arylidene in a large variety of these compounds has been found to the Therapeutic value. Previously fungal infection was regarded as an uncommon disease.

Now in recent years fungal infections are worldwide in nature and are systemic as well as local and rural or remote area of all ages. The well-known fungal diseases are candidiasis, dermatomycosis, mycosis and tineaversi colour. Organic compounds with rhodanine and quinoline moiety are of much interest to research worker's in the field of synthetic analytical and pharmacological activities.

A large number of hydrazide, hydrazone's have shown significant ameobicial activities. Many remedies have been used against infections and research still continues which would lead one to conclude that the ideal topical antifungal agent has not yet been found.

The Betti's products 2-thio-4-Keto thiazolidenes, 8-quinolinols and lactones have been found to be effective as antifungal activities.

2-Thio-4-Keto-Thiozolidine, known as rhodanine, is an important five membered heterocyclic compound which possesses a reactive methylene group at position five sulphur containing compounds are known for their pharmacological activities, antimicrobial activity has been found to be associated with thiazolidenone and Arylidene rhodanines are also used for analytical applications.

In recent work of Thesis further investigation of related compounds synthesized in laboratory and found anti-fungicidal activities. It is intended to persure the present work along the following lines.

First phase of the work proposed in synthesis or preparation of some 2- mercapto-4- keto-thiazolidene and its derivatives to condensed some newly synthesized aromatic aldehyde to assess their analytical and fungicidal activity.

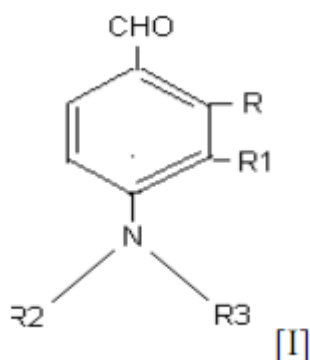
SYNTHESIZED RHODANINE

The pharmaceutical industry started to show great interest for the preparation of newly Betti's products.

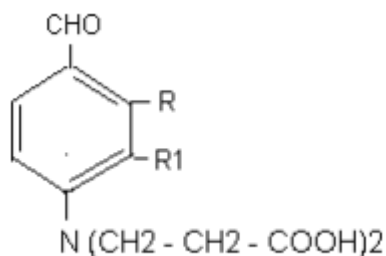
Fungicidal activities of Betti's products rhodanine, and quinolinols derivatives or aromatic aldehyde in a large variety of these compounds has been found to the therapeutic value.

The Betti's products 2-Thio-4-Keto-thiazolidene and cyano ethyl aromatic aldehyde. With condensed and formation of some Betti's products.

Substituted rhodanine are well known for their analytical application 5-Arylidene rhodanine and p-dimethylamino benzylidene rhodanine is among the more important analytical reagents for the detection of metals and their fungicidal activity of newly synthesized rhodanine derivatives with following aldehyde.

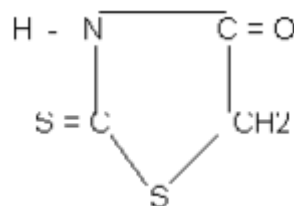


- (i) $R = R_1 = H$
- (ii) $R = CH_3, R_1 = H$
- (iii) $R = OCH_3, R_1 = H$
- (iv) $R = OC_2H_5, R_1 = H$
- (v) $R = H, R_1 = I, Br$
- (vi) $R_2 = R_3 = -CH_2 - CH_2 - CN$
- (vii) $-CH_2 - CH_2 - Cl$
- (viii) $-CH_2 - CH_2 - COOH$



In the present Investigation p-dimethylamino benzaldehyde and five newly synthesized aldehyde have been condensed with rhodanine in presence of glacial acetic acid and freshly fused sodium acetate and newly 5-arylidene rhodanine have been obtained and investigated antifungal activity of 5-(4-NN-BIS-2-carboxy ethylamino-2-methyl Benzylidene) rhodanine.

Chemistry of rhodanine :- Due to presence of reactive methylene group at position five and replaceable hydrogen atom at position three, it has been thought to synthesized some new derivatives for studying their fungicidal activity.

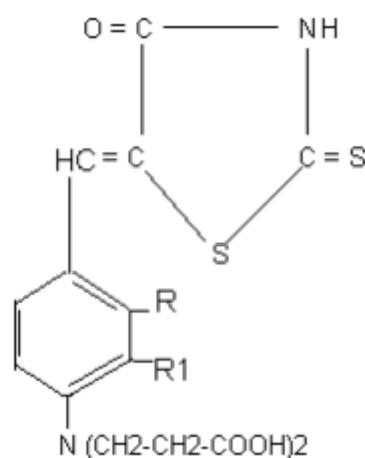


1- Arylamino-methylation of 5-Arylidene Rhodanine.

The reaction of 5-arylidene rhodanine with primary aromatic amine and formaldehyde in presence of ethanol is known as arylamino methylation.

The Newly synthesized 5-(4-NN-bis -2'-carboxy ethylamino-2-methyl-benzylidene) rohdanine (R=CH₃, R'=H) has been condensed with formaldehyde and ten aromatic primary amine under the reaction condition of mannich. Ten arylamino methylated rhodanines of the type 3-(□ - substituted aniline methyl) -5- (4-NN – BIS –2' – carboxy – ethylamino -2- methyl – Benzylidene) rhodanine. Compounds were tested for Their antifungal activity against CURVULARIA LUNATE and HELMINTHOSPORIUM ORYZAE following the disc diffusion and Hanging drop method and tested antifungal activity of aniline-methylated rhodanine has been found to be most effective against fungi and show good fungicidal activity of compounds (IV,V,VI.VII, VIII).

The Fungicidal activity of these compounds has given in table.



Antifungal activity of 5-Arylidene Rhodanines

S. No.	R	R1	Antifungal activity			
			C.Lunata		H.Oryzae	
			Germination %	Length Tube	Germination %	Length Tube

1	P-Dimethyl benzaldehyde	amino		50	32	10	180
2	H		H	65	75	20	220
3	CH ₃		H	80	90	60	240
4	O-CH ₃		H	90	240	90	300
5	O-C ₂ H ₅		H	60	200	80	310
6	H		I	80	270	90	350
	Chloromycetin Water-ethanol (9:1 v/v)			95	320	95	400

All the Products No. 1 to 6 Table were screened in VITRO Against Curvularia Lunata and Helmenthosporium oryzae by disc diffusion and hanging drop methods. Table No.1 show fungicidal activity quite comparable to commercial fungicide chloromy cetin.

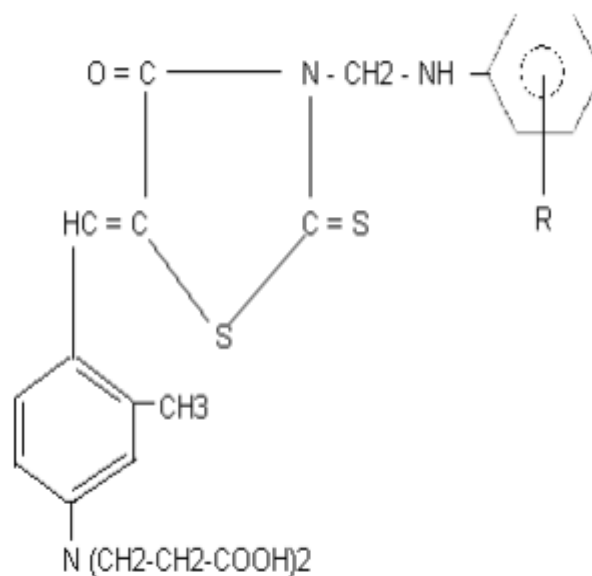
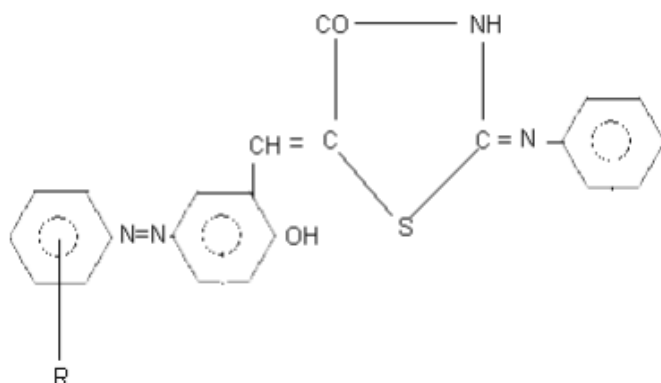


TABLE-1-B

S. No.	R.	Fungicidal activity			
		C.Lunata		H.Oryzae	
		Germination %	Length Tube	Germination %	Length Tube
1	H	30	50	40	61
2	O-CH ₃	65.	71	49	90
3	M-CH ₃	75	148	75	150
4	p-CH ₃	80	175	80	190
5	O-CH ₃	85	190	90	200

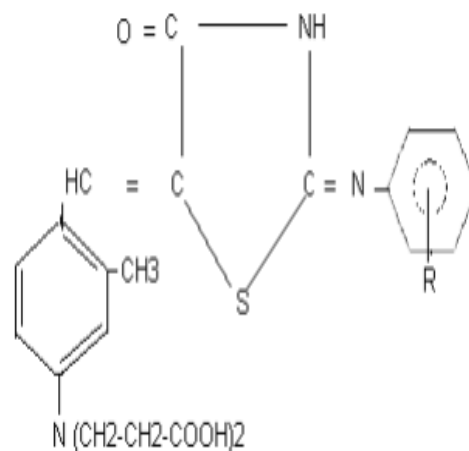
2- condensation of primary aromatic amines with 5-arylidene rhodanine.

The reaction of aromatic amines with rhodanine was performed first of all by grancher ^[12] recently bux and shukla ^[15] have synthesized a series of such products and found anti-amoebic activity.



In the present investigation ten primary aromatic amines have been condensed with 5-arylidene-rhodanine (r=ch₃ r'=h) by the procedure as recomonded by bux and shukla ^[15] new products of rhodanine derivatives have been

obtained. 2-(imino-substituted-phenyl) – 5 - (4-nn-bis-2'carboxy ethyl-amino-2-methyl benzyldene) 4-thiazolidinones.

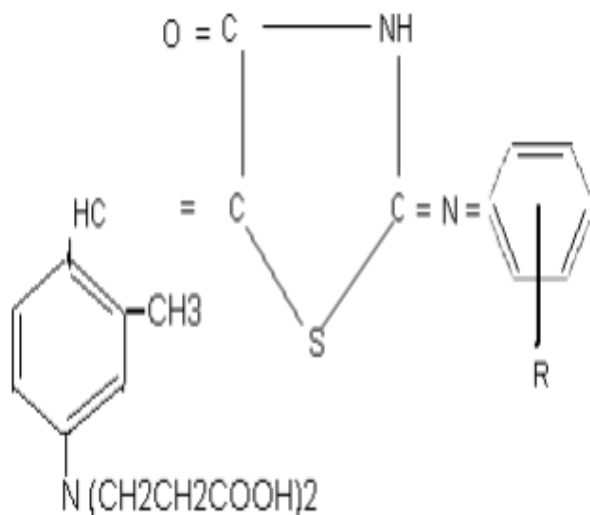


R=H, CH₃ (O, m., p) Cl (O.m. p)

-OCH₃ (O.m.p.)

Table no.02

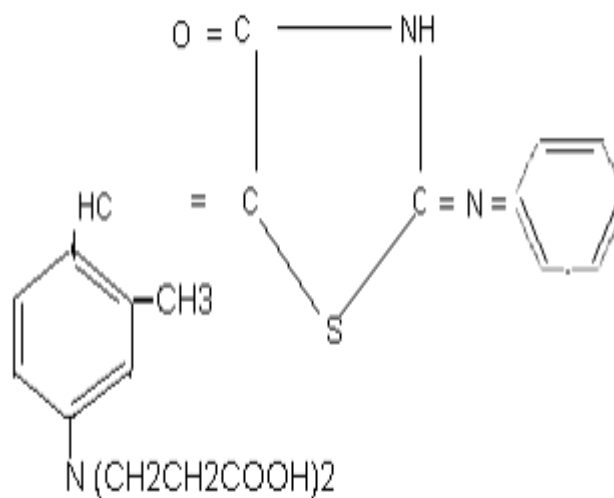
2-9imino-substituted-phenyl)-5-(4-nn-bis-2'-carboxy ethyl amino -2-methyl-benzylidene)-4-thiazolidinones



S.N o.	R	COLOUR	M.P.O C	YIELD %	MOLECULAR FORMULA	% OF N		% OF S	
						FOUND	CALCD	FOUND	CALCD
1.	H	Red	217	50	C ₂₃ H ₂₃ N ₃ O ₅ S	9.00	9.27	6.88	7.06
2.	o-CH ₃	Brown	201	59	C ₂₄ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₅ S	8.78	8.99	6.53	6.85
3.	m-CH ₃	Reddish violet	231	52	C ₂₄ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₅ S	8.78	8.99	6.53	6.85
4.	p-CH ₃	Reddish brown	211	61	C ₂₄ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₅ S	8.58	8.99	6.33	6.85
5.	o-OCH ₃	Reddish orange	209	58	C ₂₄ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₆ S	8.32	8.69	6.32	6.62
6.	m-OCH ₃	Deep brown	227	65	C ₂₄ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₆ S	8.42	8.69	6.12	6.62
7.	p-OCH ₃	Brownish red	203	57	C ₂₄ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₆ S	8.15	8.69	6.40	6.62
8.	o-Cl	Reddish pink	217	63	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₃ O ₅ SCl	8.21	8.61	6.23	6.56
9.	m-Cl	Red	207	65	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₃ O ₅ SCl	8.15	8.61	6.13	6.56
10.	p-Cl	Deep red	235	53	C ₂₃ H ₂₂ N ₃ O ₅ SCl	8.31	8.61	6.40	6.56

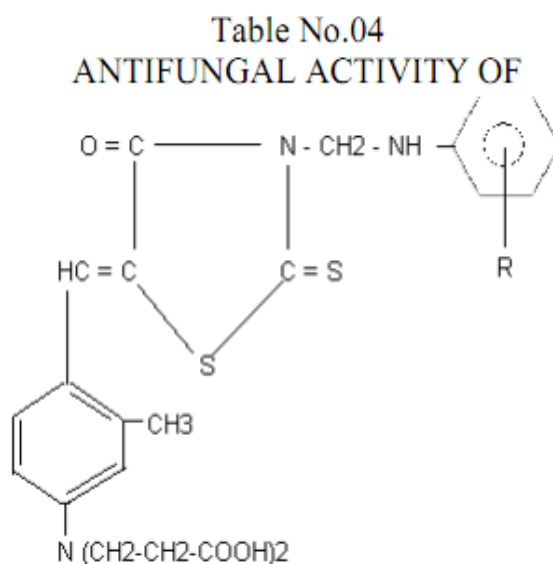
Table no.03

I.r.absorption frequencies of 2-(iminophenyl)-5-(4nn-bis-2'-carboxy ethyl amino-2-methyl-benzylidene)-4-thiazolidinone



S.No.	BOND/GROUP	ABSORPTION	BAND
-------	------------	------------	------

		BAND (cm ⁻¹)	INTENSITY
1	C=O (In five membered	1010	Strong
2	ring)	1620	Sharp and strong
3	NH (Stretching)	1650	Medium
4	C=H (Imino group	2965	Strong
5	stretching)	1720	Strong
6	-CH ₃ (Stretching)	1110	Sharp and strong
	-COOH (Stretching)		
	C=S (Stretching)		

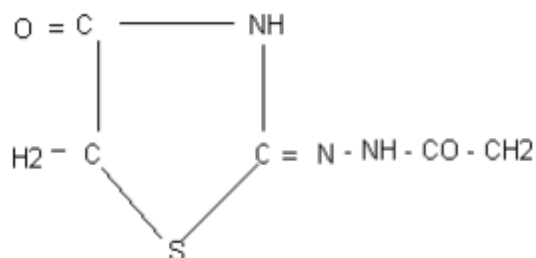


S.No.	R.	FUNGICIDAL ACTIVITY			
		C.Lunate		H.Oryzae	
		Germination %	Germ tube length(μ)	Germination %	Germ tube length(μ)
1.	H	30	50	40	61
2.	o-CH ₃	65	71	49	92
3.	m-CH ₃	77	150	80	165
4.	p-CH ₃	80	200	85	210
5.	o-OCH ₃	88	180	90	200
6.	m-OCH ₃	88.5	230	89	185
7.	p-OCH ₃	91	251	95.1	248
8.	o-Cl	90	190	94	340
9.	m-Cl	87.5	240	91	201
10.	p-Cl	90	290	94.4	360
	CHLOROMYCETIN Water,etoH(9:IV/V)	95	320	91.5	395

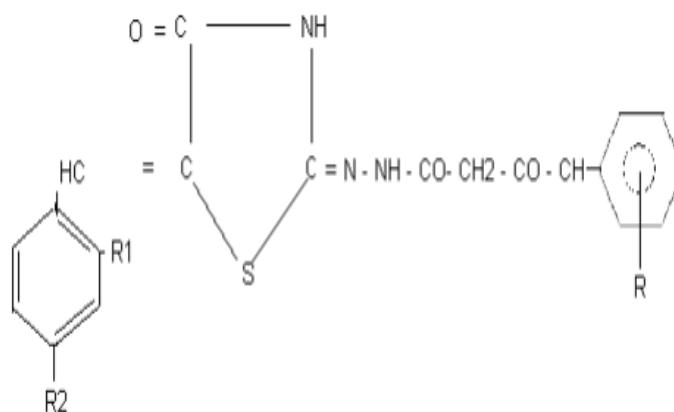
All this compound table no.04 were tested for their fungicidal activity against curvularia lunate and helminthosporium oryzae. Chloro and methoxy group at position 4 in benzene nucleus increase the toxicity to both the species of fungi.

(3) condensation of malonic acid hydrazides with 5-arylidene rhodanines.

Reaction of phenyl hydrazine with rhodanine has been studied by grancher[12] . The reaction of semicarbazide with rhodanine in aqueous solution (alcoholic) presence of barium carbonate, rhodanine derivatives of semicarbazide are obtained in good yield.



malonanilic acid hydrazide) 5-(4-nn-bis -2'- carboxy ethyl – amino 2-methyl – benzylidene) 4-thiazolidinones.



R = H.Cl (O.M.P.)

R1 = CH3

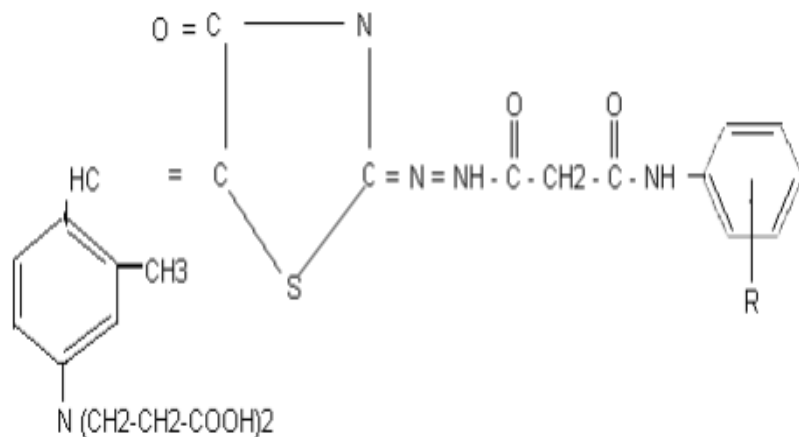
R2 = N (CH2 - CH2 - COOH)2

In the present investigation it was thought worthwhile to synthesized some new rhodanine derivatives by the condensation of malonanilic acid hydrazide and 5-arylidene rhodanine in presence of barium carbonates in ethanol medium on water bath products of 2 (substituted

Funglcidal activity of all the compounds table no.05 there tested for their antifungal activity against same fungi in table no.05

Table no.05

2-(substituted malonanilic acid hydrazido)-5-(4-nn-bis-2'-carboxy ethyl amino-2-methyl-benzylidene)-4-thiazolidinones



S.No.	R	COLOUR	MP.OC	YIELD %	Molecular formula	% of N		% of S	
						FOUND	CALCD	FOUND	CALCD
1.	H	Yellowish red	181	61.0	C ₂₆ H ₂₇ N ₅ O ₇ S	12.35	12.65	5.67	5.78
2.	o-CH ₃	Pinkish red	192	51.0	C ₂₇ H ₂₉ N ₅ O ₇ S	12.15	12.34	5.34	5.64
3.	m-CH ₃	Reddish brown	201	53.0	C ₂₇ H ₂₉ N ₅ O ₇ S	12.20	12.34	5.41	5.64
4.	p-CH ₃	Reddish Orange	162	62.0	C ₂₇ H ₂₉ N ₅ O ₇ S	12.12	13.34	5.28	5.64
5.	o-OCH ₃	Greenish red	181	59.5	C ₂₇ H ₂₉ N ₅ O ₈ S	11.80	12.00	5.28	5.48
6.	m-OCH ₃	Pink	175	58.0	C ₂₇ H ₂₉ N ₅ O ₈ S	11.98	12.00	5.21	5.48
7.	p-OCH ₃	Yellowish red	180	51.5	C ₂₇ H ₂₉ N ₅ O ₈ S	11.82	12.00	5.22	5.48
8.	o-Cl	Reddish violet	165	48.0	C ₂₆ H ₂₆ N ₅ O ₇ SCl	11.78	11.91	5.21	5.44
9.	m-Cl	Pink	171	57.0	C ₂₆ H ₂₆ N ₅ O ₇ SCl	11.72	11.91	5.27	5.44
10.	p-Cl	Dark red	203	49.0	C ₂₆ H ₂₆ N ₅ O ₇ SCl	11.60	11.91	5.11	5.44

FUNGICIDAL ACTIVITY:-

All the compounds (table no.5) were tested for their antifungal activity against curvularia lunata and helminthosporium oryzae by the disc diffusion and hanging drop method.

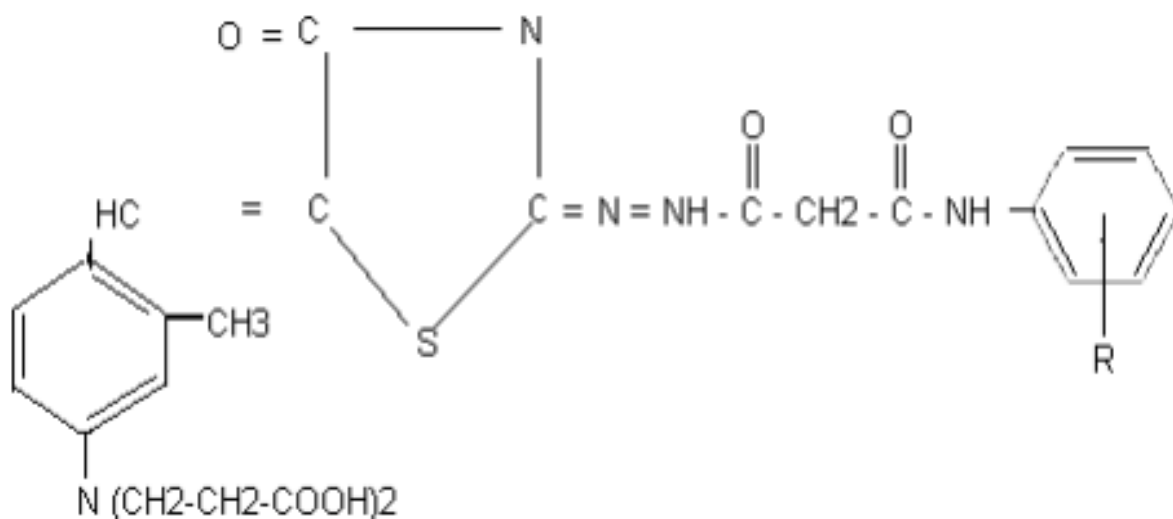
The result has been compared with commercial fungicide chloromycetin.

The highest fungicidal activity has been showed by the compound.

The result of fungicidal activity has been recorded in table no.5

Table no.06

Antifungal activity of 2-(substituted malonanilic acid hydrazido)-5-(4-nn-bis-2'-carboxy ethyl amino-2-methyl-benzylidene)-4-thiazolidinones

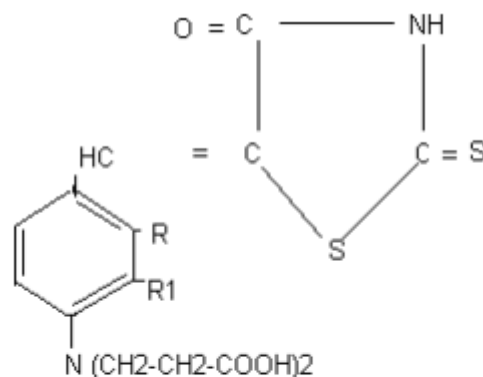


(4) Condensation of p-p' Di-amino – Diphenyl sulphone with 5-Arylidene rhodanines.

In the present investigation it was thought worthwhile to synthesize some condensation products of dapsone with 5-arylidene rhodanine for testing their antifungal activity.

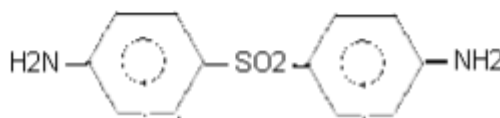
In the present study 5-arylidene rhodanine have been condensed with. Dapsone in an oil bath at 180° – 200°c adopting the procedure of Bux and Shukla[15] and six New products of 4-4-BIS-Amino-5(p-di-methyl amino benzylidene rhodanine diphenyl sulphone) were obtained.

All the New synthesized compounds were tested for their fungicidal activity against Curvularia Lunata and Helminthosporium oryzae.



R = H, CH₃, OCH₃, OC₂H₅

R₁ = H, I, Cl.



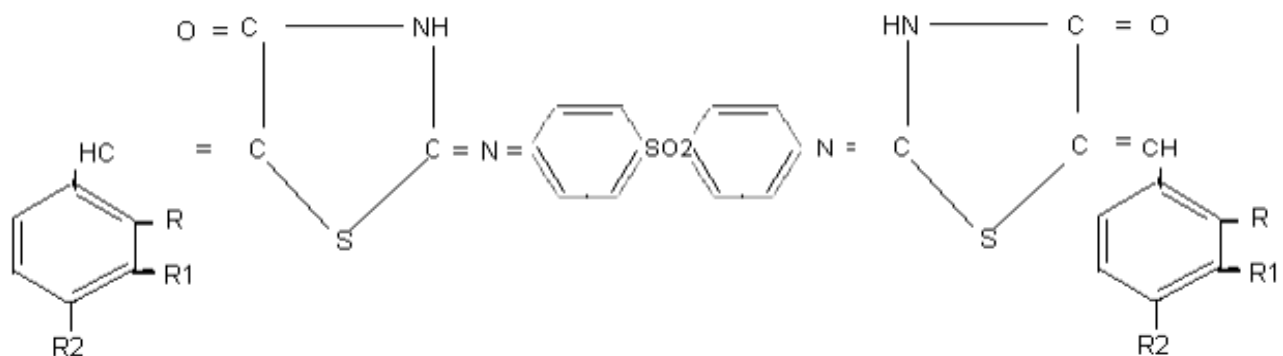
FUNGICIDAL ACTIVITY :-

The fungitoxicity data obtained indicate that all the compounds table no.7 are promising fungicides. The activities vary from strong to moderates on both the fungal species. All the compounds table 7 were tested for their fungicidal activity against curvularia lunat and helminthosporium oryzae by the disc diffusion and hanging drop method. Synthesised new compound show highest fungicidal activity .

The results have been compared with commercial fungicide chloromycetine fungicidal data of these compounds are recorded in table no.7 (a)

Table no.07

Condensation products of 5-arylidene-rhodanines and dapsone



S. N o.	R=R'	R1= R'1	R2=R'2	COLOUR	M.P. oC	YIEL D %	MOLECULAR FORMULA	N%		S%	
								FUN D	CALCD	FOU ND	CALCD
1.	H	H	N(CH ₃) ₂	Deep red	210	41	C ₃₈ H ₃₂ N ₈ S ₃ O ₄	12.03	11.83	13.75	13.34
2.	H	H	N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH)	Reddish	219	55	C ₄₄ H ₄₀ N ₈ O ₁₂ S ₃	8.93	8.62	10.21	10.
3.	CH ₃	H	2	brown	217	35	C ₄₈ H ₄₄ N ₈ O ₁₂ S ₃	8.67	8.35	9.92	9.58
4.	OCH ₃	H	N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH)	Pinkish red	227	37	C ₄₈ H ₄₄ N ₈ O ₁₄ S ₃	8.4	8.12	9.6	9.4
5.	OC ₂ H	H	2	Reddish	199	67	C ₄₈ H ₄₈ N ₈ O ₁₄ S ₃	8.17	7.98	9.33	9.12
6.	5 H	I	N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH)	brown	231	26	C ₄₄ H ₃₈ N ₈ O ₁₂ S ₃ I ₂	7.03	6.99	8.04	7.88
			2	Reddish violet							
			N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH)	Purple red							
			2								
			N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH)								
			2								

Table no.07

Condensation products of 5-arylidene-rhodanines and dapsone

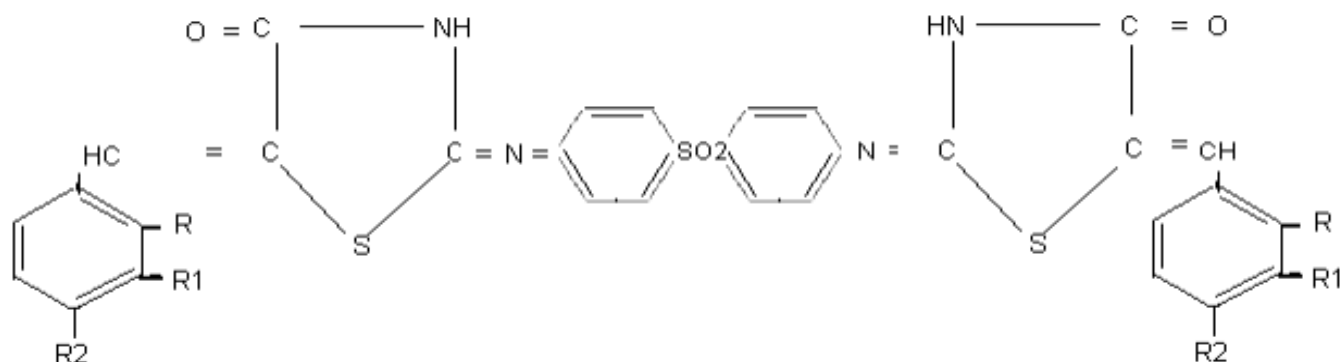


Table no. 7(a)

Fungicidal activity of the products

S.No.	R=R'	R1=R'1	R2=R'2	FUNGICIDAL ACTIVITY			
				C.Lunata germination	Tube Length	H.ORYZAE germination	Tube Length
1.	H	H	N(CH ₃) ₂	50	131	60	160
2.	H	H	N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH) ₂	61	201	71	191
3.	CH ₃	H	N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH) ₂	67	240	75	340
4.	OCH ₃	H	N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH) ₂	90	230	86	280
5.	OC ₂ H ₅	H	N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH) ₂	92	228	90	380
6.	H	I	N(CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH) ₂	95	314	95	390
CHLOROMYCETIN (Water – Ethanol 9:1 V/v)							

REFERENCE

- (1) J.P.Phillips and E.M.Banraj. J.org.chem.21.692(1956)
- (2) F.C.Brown. Chem. Revs. Vol. 61.463.1961
- (3) V.S.Mishra, V.K.Saxena and Rashmi, J.Ind.Chem. Soc. 1982, 59, 781,2
- (4) S.D.Subbo. 4th Inter. Conr. Microbial 1949, 43, 91631
- (5) B.S.Kaushiva and N. Anand. J.Sci. Ind. Res. India. 1950, 15C. 460
- (6) F.J.Welcher. Org. analy. Reag. Co.Inc. 1955-417-25
- (7) N.Sugihara and S-Hirano. Keijo. J.Med. 3.333.9 (1932)
- (8) Chem. Abstr. 1935, 29, 6362
- (9) A.V.Dev. and B.Pathak J.Med. Chem. 1970, 13,152
- (10) J.N.Acharya and K.A.Thaker J.Ind chem.. Soc. 1976, 53, 172, 3

- (11) J.P.Phillips. Robert. J.Amer.Chem. Soc. 1953, 75, 4306
- (12) G.B.Gupta. R.P.Gupta and B.N.Yadav. J.Ind. Chem. Soc. 1979, 56.168.170
- (13) B.S.Rathore and P.I.Ittyerah. J.Ind chem..Soc. 1960.37.9.591,3
- (14) A.Thomas and Ittyerab J.Ind. Chem.soc. 1964,41.38
- (15) N.P.Buu-Hoi. N.D.Xuong. J.org. Chem. 21,1956
- (16) Who (1982) Techn. Rep.ser.No.675
- (17) B.R.Chatterjee 1982 leprosy in India
- (18) F.B.Bux PhD Thesis A.P.S.University Rewa 1982.
- (19) S.Giri and Nizamuddin. Agri.Biol. Chem. Jph 1478, 42, 41
- (20) Martell A.R.and N.Calvin Chem. Of Metal chelate camp. New York Prentice Hall 1952 P.613.