

# A Study of Some Important Theorem on Fuzzy Linear Space

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**Abstract:-** In this paper we introduced the proof of some new theorem on fuzzy linear space.

**Key Words:-** Fuzzy set, fuzzy linear space.

## INTRODUCTION - 1.1

Let  $S$  be a nonempty set. Then a characteristic function  $\mu: S \rightarrow [0,1]$  is called a fuzzy set of  $S$ . Let  $X$  be a field and be a fuzzy field in  $X$  with characteristic function  $\mu_F$ . Let  $Y$  be a linear space over the fuzzy field  $F$  and  $V$  is a fuzzy subset of  $Y$  with characteristic function  $\mu_V$ . Then  $V$  is called a fuzzy linear space in  $Y$  if and only if, it satisfied the following condition.

- (i)  $\mu_V(x+y) \geq \min\{\mu_V(x), \mu_V(y)\}$  for all  $x, y \in Y$
- (ii)  $\mu_V(\lambda x) \geq \min\{\mu_V(\lambda), \mu_V(x)\}$  for all  $\lambda \in F$  and  $x \in Y$
- (iii)  $\mu_V(o) = 1$

## THEOREM – 1.2

Let us suppose that  $Y$  and  $Z$  be vector space (linear space) over a field  $F$  in a field  $X$  and  $f$  be liner transformation from  $Y$  in to  $Z$  and  $W$  be a fuzzy linear space in  $Z$ , then the

inverse image of  $W$  that is  $f^{-1}(w)$  be a fuzzy linear space in  $Y$ .

## PROOF:-

Let us assume that  $Y$  and  $Z$  be two vector space over a fuzzy field  $F$  in a field  $X$ . Again we assume that  $f$  be a linear transformation of  $Y$  into  $Z$ . Let us suppose  $\lambda, \mu \in X$  and  $a, b \in Y$ . Then we take from the Properties of linear transformation that

$$\begin{aligned} f(x+y) &= f(x)+f(y) \\ \text{and} \\ f(\lambda x) &= \lambda f(x) \end{aligned}$$

Again assume that  $w$ , be a fuzzy linear space in  $Z$  and  $f^{-1}[w]$  be the inverse image of  $W$  in  $Y$

Then we prove that  $f^{-1}(w)$  be a fuzzy linear space in  $Y$  for all  $x, y \in Y$  and  $\lambda, \mu \in X$   
Then

$$\mu_{f^{-1}(W)}(\lambda x + \mu y) = \mu_W[f\{\lambda(x) + \mu(y)\}]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \mu_W \{ \lambda f(x) + \mu f(y) \} \\
&\geq \min[ \min\{ \mu_F(\lambda), \mu_W f(x) \}, \min\{ \mu_F(\mu), \mu_W f(y) \} ] \\
&= \min[ \min\{ \mu_F(\lambda), \mu_{f^{-1}(W)}(x) \}, \min\{ \mu_F(\mu), \mu_{f^{-1}(W)}(y) \} ]
\end{aligned}$$

Hence

$$\mu_{f^{-1}(W)}(\lambda x + \mu y) \leq \min[\min\{\mu_F(x), \mu_{f^{-1}(W)}(x)\}, \min\{\mu_F(y), \mu_{f^{-1}(W)}(y)\}]$$

Thus it is clear that  $\mu_{f^{-1}(W)}$  the inverse image of  $W$  in a fuzzy linear spaces in  $Y$ .

### THEOREM - 1.3

If  $V$  be a fuzzy linear space in a linear spaces  $Y$  over an ordinary field  $F$  in  $X$ , then  $\mu_V(\alpha x) = \mu_V(x)$ , for every  $x \in Y$  and for all  $\alpha \in F$ .

**PROOF:-**

Let us suppose that  $V$  be a fuzzy linear space in a linear space  $Y$  over an ordinary field  $F$  in  $X$ .

Then for all  $x \in Y$ , we take

$$\mu_V(\mathbf{x}) \quad \mu_V(\mathbf{x})$$

Now for all  $x \in F$  and all  $y \in Y$

Then we have

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_v(x) &= \mu_v(\exists x) = \mu_v\{\langle \lambda^{-1} \lambda \rangle x\} \\ &= \mu_v\{\langle \lambda^{-1}(\lambda x) \rangle\} \square \square \mu_v(\square x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{i.e.} \quad \mu_V(X) \square \square \mu_V(\square X) \dots\dots\dots (II)$$

Thus From (I) And (Ii), We Get

$$\mu_V(\Box X) = \mu_V(X) \text{ FOR EVERY } 0 \leq \Box \leq X$$

AND  $X \leq Y$ .

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